

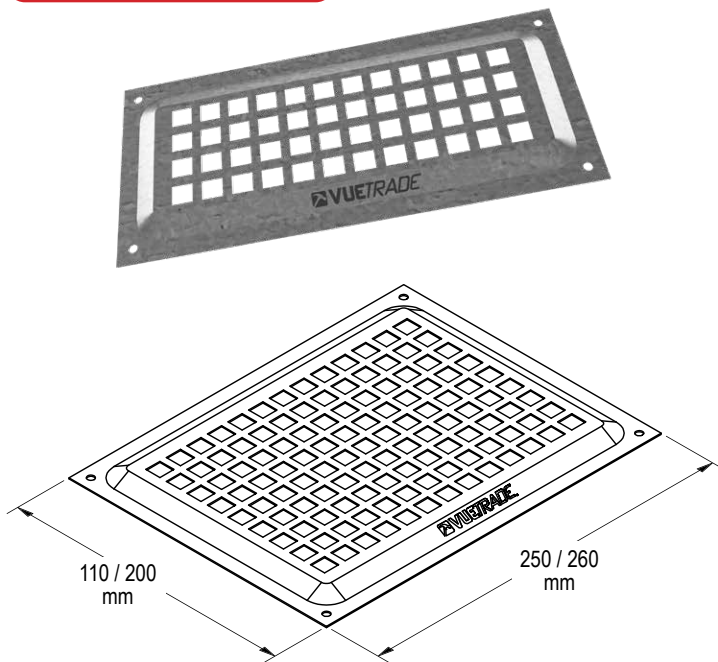


GALVANISED FLAT FACE PUNCHED VENTS

OCT23

Compliant with the requirements of NCC2022.

G GALVANISED



APPLICATION

VUETRADE Flat Faced Punched Grid vents are face fixed vents that provide efficient ventilation in applications that require air flow, removing moisture in floor joist and wall cavities, regulating temperature and dehumidification purposes.

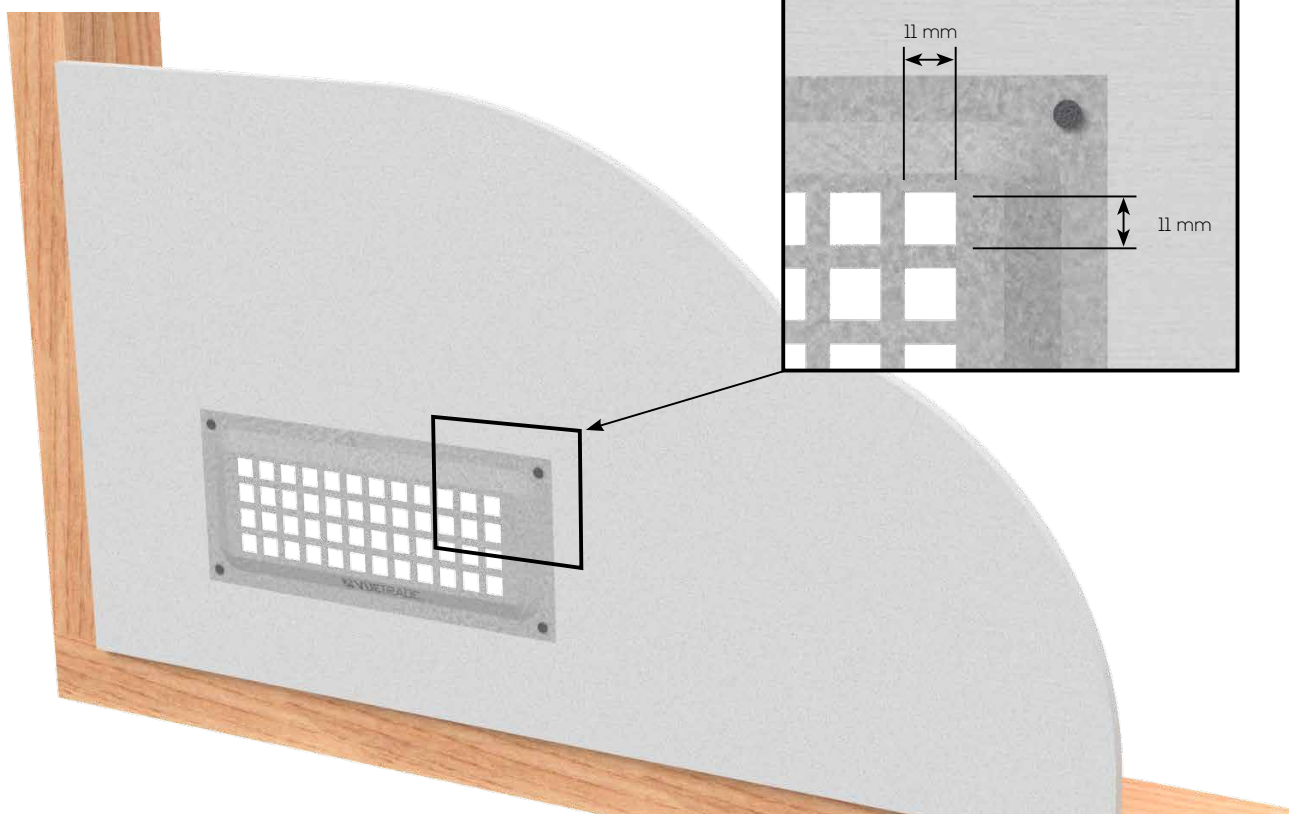
Sufficient ventilation should be provided during construction, either in the subfloor level or wall cavities, to minimise the risk of corrosion attack on connector products and to prevent mould build-up due to trapped moisture and condensation.

SPECIFICATION

Steel Material	G300 Steel
Corrosion protection	Z275 in accordance to AS1397:2021
Thickness	0.8mm
Hole Size	11mm by 11mm

SIZES & AIR FLOW AREA

Product Code	Size (mm)	Air Flow (approx.)	Box Qty
VTFF250X110	250 x 110	5 808 mm ²	20
VTFF260X200	260 x 200	14 157 mm ²	20





GALVANISED FLAT FACE PUNCHED VENTS

OCT23

SUBFLOOR VENTILATION SIZE: RECOMMENDED PRACTICE IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE NATIONAL CONSTRUCTION CODE (NCC) 2022

The National Construction Code 2022 specifies that all subfloors shall be fitted with ventilation to allow air flow in the subfloor spacing area. The code recommends that the subfloor punched vent be installed in accordance to the climatic zone shown in Figure 6.2.1a from ABCB Housing Provisions of the NCC 2022 below.

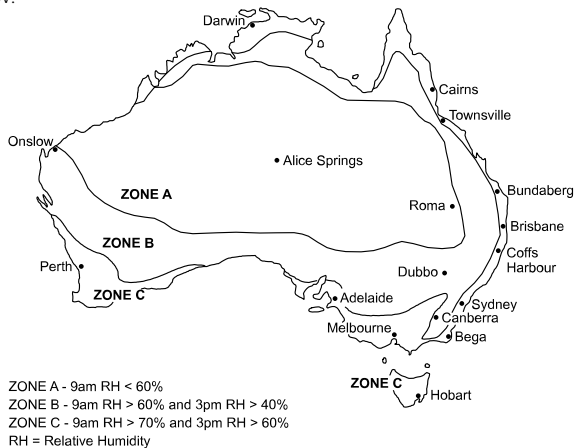


Figure 6.2.1a - Climatic zones based on relative humidity
(Source: ABCB Housing Provisions, NCC 2022)

© Commonwealth of Australia and the States and Territories 2022,
published by the Australian Building Codes Board.

Table 6.2.1a: Subfloor openings

Climatic zone	Minimum aggregate subfloor ventilation with no membrane (mm ² /m of wall)	Minimum aggregate Subfloor ventilation Openings with ground Sealed with Impervious membrane (mm ² /m of wall)
A	2000	1000
B	4000	2000
C	6000	3000

© Commonwealth of Australia and the States and Territories 2022,
published by the Australian Building Codes Board.

The minimum required sub-floor ventilation per linear metre of wall is recommended in Table 6.2.1a in the ABCB Housing Provisions of the NCC 2022 to allow sufficient air flow within the subfloor space.

Taking an example of using the VUETRADE Subfloor Punched Vent 230 x 76mm (VTSFV230X76) on an 8m length wall on the ground with no membrane in Zone C of the climatic zone chart, the number of vents required as per NCC 2022 can be calculated as follows,

- Airflow of Punched Vent 230mm x 76mm: 6178mm²
- Calculate the total ventilation area required on the wall based on NCC 2022 minimum requirement based on desired wall length (8m in this example) = 8m x 6000mm²/m = 48000mm²
- Number of vents required (8m length wall) = Total ventilation area (mm²)/Air flow area of one vent (mm²) = 48000mm²/6178mm² = 7.76 ≈ 8 vents (rounded up)

INSTALLATION GUIDE (BASED ON NCC 2022)

The vents shall then be installed in even spacing along the length of the wall and no more than 600mm in from the corner. In areas which are prone to bushfire attack up to and including BAL-40, anti-spark stainless steel wire mesh shall be installed in the vent to prevent entry of ember or wind carried burning debris into the house through the subfloor vent. It is advisable to ensure the minimum ventilation requirement is met as the anti-spark wire mesh may restrict the total airflow required for ventilation.

NOTE:

The above guide serves as a design guide based on the National Construction Code 2022. Consult a qualified engineer or architect to ensure sufficient ventilation is provided for subfloor spacing, adhering to applicable local building codes and Australian Standards.

