



STAINLESS STEEL R3 **BRICK VENEER TIES**

APR25



Compliant with the requirements of AS2699 and AS3700.



APPLICATION

VUETRADE Brick Veneer Ties function as a means of joining the cavity of wall frames and brickwork together and are often installed during construction. Brick Ties are important in the stability of a building.

They are suitable for use with TIMBER FRAMES only.



SPECIFICATION

VUETRADE Light Duty Brick Veneer Ties are rated as light duty conforming to AS2699.1:2020 and AS3700:2018.

Cavity Width 50mm

1km to 10km from breaking surf, Usage

or 100m to 1km from sheltered coastal

Use only the supplied VUETRADE **Fixing**

30mm x 3.2mm Ø Stainless Steel Fixing Nail



SPECIFICATION

VUETRADE Medium Duty Brick Veneer Ties are rated as medium duty conforming to AS2699.1:2020 and AS3700:2018.

Cavity Width 50mm

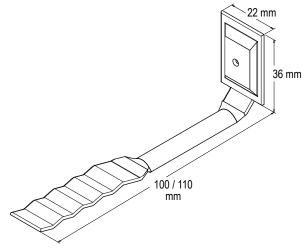
1km to 10km from breaking surf, Usage or 100m to 1km from sheltered coastal

Use only the supplied VUETRADE Fixing

30mm x 4.5mm Ø Stainless Steel Fixing Screw

DETAILS

Product Code	Material	Durability Classification	Box Qty
VBTLDR3	SS 304	R3	150
VBTMDR3	SS 304	R3	150





DURABILITY CLASSIFICATION

1km to 10km from breaking surf, or 100m to 1km from sheltered coastal



The suitability of brick ties in different environmental conditions can be determined by reading off the specification area chart based on the type of environment and the distance where the brick ties will be used.

It is important to use the recommended brick tie classification to reduce the risk of brick tie corrosion that may affect the overall structure integrity.

Note: VUETRADE does not cover corrosion protection on heavy industrial areas as additional or highly specific requirements may be required.

STAINLESS STEEL R3 BRICK VENEER TIES

Tie specification

APR25

National Construction Code 2022 - ABCB Housing Provisions

Table 5.6.5d from ABCB Housing Provisions of the NCC 2022 provides corrosion protection requirements for masonry wall ties in different exposure conditions along with recommended corrosion protections.

Table 5.6.5d Corrosion protection for wall ties

Exposure condition	(minimum corrosion protection)	
Areas less than 1km from breaking surf; or less than 100 m from salt water not subject to breaking surf; or within heavy industrial areas	Grade 316L stainless steel; or engineered polymer complying with the requirements of AS 2699.1.	
Areas lkm or more but less than 10km from breaking surf; or 100m or more but less than lkm from salt water not subject to breaking surf.	Sheet steel and bar ties galvanised after manufacture - 470 g/m2 on each side; or galvanised wire ties - 470 g/m2 coating mass; or Grade 304L stainless steel.	
All other areas	Galvanised sheet steel - 300 g/m2 coating on each side; or sheet steel ties galvanised after manufacture - 300 g/m2 on each side.	

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SELECTION OF SUITABLE CORROSION PROTECTION ON VUETRADE PRODUCTS

VUETRADE offers products designed for use specifically in each exposure condition with adequate corrosion protection as per the requirement. These are categorised into three main categories:



STANDARD / GALVANISED

- Internal / enclosed
- Exterior/exposed inland areas except if in contact with fresh water or nonsaline wetting & drying





- Marine Environment 100m up to 1km from a non-surf coast and from 1km up to 10km from a surf coast
- External applications in contact with freshwater or subject to non-saline wetting and drying
- Minimum steel grade required Stainless Steel 304





- Severe Marine 100m from a non-surf coast and up to 1km from a surf coast
- Minimum Steel Grade Stainless Steel 316
- No 'Tea Staining', a superficial 'rust' look that occurs on lower grades of Stainless Steel including 304.

Using the chart below, the necessary level of corrosion protection can be easily identified. It is highly recommended to adhere and comply to the minimum requirement of corrosion protection as failure to do so may lead to severe corrosion that will critically alter the structural integrity of a building.

Corrosion protection usage outside of what has been recommended in this guideline should be consulted and confirmed by the site engineer/structural engineer to ensure

